8.6 ModelElement (abstract)

ModelElement is the base element for the majority of modeling elements.

Superclass

SACMElement

Associations

implementationConstraint: ImplementationConstraint [0..*] (composition) – a collection of implementation constraints. description: Description[0..1] (composition) – the description of the ModelElement.

note:Note[0..*] (composition) – a collection of notes for the ModelElement.

taggedValue: TaggedValue [0..*] (composition) – a collection of TaggedValues, TaggedValues can be used to describe additional features of a ModelElement

Semantics

All the individual and identifiable elements of a SACM model correspond to a ModelElement.

Constraints

ImplementationConstraints should only be specified if +isAbstract is true OCL: self.implmentationConstraint->size() > 0 implies self.isAbstract = true

8.7 UtilityElement (abstract)

UtilityElement is an abstract element for a number of utility elements.

Superclass

SACMElement

Associations

expression: Expression [1] – the expression object containing the value of the UtilityElement (see Terminology section 10)

Semantics

UtilityElement supports the specification of additional information for a ModelElement.

8.8 ImplementationConstraint

This class specifies details of any implementation constraints that must be satisfied whenever a referencing ModelElement is to be converted from *isAbstract* = *true* to *isAbstract* = *false*. For example in the context of a SACM pattern fragment, an element will need to satisfy the implementation rules of the pattern.

Superclass

UtilityElement

Semantics

ImplementationConstraints indicate the conditions to fulfill in order to allow an abstract ModelElement (isAbstract = true) to become non-abstract (isAbstract = false).

Constraints

ImplementationConstraints should only specified if isAbstract is true.

8.9 Description

This class specifies a description that may be associated with a ModelElement. In many cases Description is used to provide the 'content' of a SACM element. For example, it would be used to provide the text of a Claim.

Superclass

UtilityElement

Semantics

A Description provides details about ModelElements in relation to aspects such as their content or purpose. Therefore, Descriptions can be used to both characterize ModelElements and facilitate their understanding.

8.10 Note

This class specifies a generic note that may be associated with a ModelElement. For example a note may include a number of explanatory comments.

S.10 ArtifactElement (abstract)

8.10 ArtifactElement (abstract)

ArtifactElement acts as the base class for elements in other SACM packages. Essentially, all elements which extend ArtifactElement is considered to be an artifact, and therefore can be referenced using Argument:ArtifactReference.

Superclass

ModelElement

Semantics

ArtifactElement corresponds to the base class for specifying all the identifiable units of data modelled and managed in a structured assurance case effort.

9 Structured Assurance Case Packages

9.1 General

This chapter presents the normative specification for the SACM Packages Metamodel. It begins with an overview of the metamodel structure followed by a description of each element.

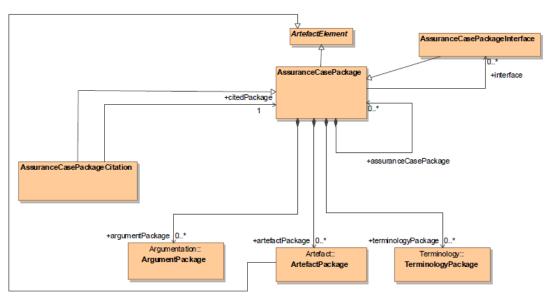


Figure 9.1 - Structured Assurance Case Packages Class Diagram

In SACM, the parent container element is AssuranceCasePackage. AssuranceScasePackages can be thought of assurance case 'modules'. Packages can contain other packages, including citations to other packages not contained within the same package hierarchy. Packages optionally can have a separately declared interface (AssuranceCasePackageInterface) (analogous to a public header file) that declares selected packages contained by a package.

Assurance cases (AssuranceCasePackages) consist of arguments (containined in ArgumentPackages), evidence descriptions (contained in ArtifactPackages) and Terminology definitions (contained in TerminologyPackages).

9.2 ArtifactElement (abstract)

ArtifactElement is an abstract class that serves as a parent class for Artifacts and AssuranceCasePackage elements.

Superclass

ModelElement

Semantics

ArtifactElement correspond to the base class for specifying all the identifiable units of data modelled and managed in a structured assurance case effort.

9.3 AssuranceCasePackage

AssuranceCasePackage is an exchangeable element that may contain a mixture of artifacts, argumentation and terminology. When users exchange content, it is expected they use this as the top level container. It is a recursive container, and may contain one or more sub-packages.

This follows the existing practice of considering an assurance case when fully completed to comprise both argumentation and evidence, although each may be exchanged individually.

AssuranceCasePackage is a sub-class of ArtifactElement. Semantically an AssuranceCasePackage can be considered as an artifact of evidence (e.g. from the perspective of another AssuranceCasePackage).

Base::

argumentPackage:Argument::ArgumentPackage[0..*] (composition) – a number of optional argument packages.
 Base::

Superclass

(composition) - a collection

ArtifactElement

Associations

assuranceCasePackage: AssuranceCasePackage [0..*] — a number of optional sub-packages

interface: AssuranceCasePackageInterface [0..*] – a number of optional assurance case package interfaces that the current package may implement (composition)

artifactPackage: ArtifactPackage [0..*] – a number of optional artifact sub-packages

terminologyPackage: TerminologyPackage [0..*] a number of optional terminology sub-packages

Semantics

AssuranceCasePackage is the root class for creating structured assurance cases.

9.4 AssuranceCasePackageInterface

AssuranceCasePackageInterface is a kind of AssuranceCasePackage that defines an interface that may be exchanged between users. An AssuranceCasePackage may declare one or more ArtifactPackageInterfaces.

Superclass

AssuranceCasePackage

Semantics

AssuranceCasePackageInterface enables the declaration of the elements of an AssuranceCasePackage that might be referred to (cited) in another AssuranceCasePackage, thus the elements can be used for assurance in the scope of the latter AssuranceCasePackage.

Constraints

AssuranceCasePackageInterface are only allowed to contain the following: ArgumentPackageInterfaces, ArtifactPackageInterfaces, and TerminologyPackages.

9.5 ArgumentPackage

ArgumentPackage is a container for the structured argument aspect of the assurance case. It contains the structure of assertions which comprise the structured argument.

Superclass

ArgumentationElement

Associations

 $argument Package: Argument Package \ [0..*] - an optional set of sub Argument Packages, allowing for recursive containment argument Asset: Argument Asset \ [0..*] an optional set of Argument Assets$

Semantics

ArgumentPackage is the base class for specifying the results of the argumentation efforts for a structured assurance case (i.e., an AssuranceCase).

9.6 TerminologyPackage

TerminologyPackage is a container element for terminology that may be exchanged. Terminology can define terms, expressions or categories, used elsewhere in the assurance case.

Superclass

TerminologyElement

Associations

terminologyAsset: TerminologyAsset [0..*] – an optional set of terminology assets (expressions, terms and categories) terminologyPackage: TerminologyPackage [0..*] – an optional set of contained TerminologyPackage elements, allowing for recursive containment.

Semantics

10 Structured Assurance Case Terminology Classes

10.1 General

This chapter presents the normative specification for the SACM Terminology Metamodel. It begins with an overview of the metamodel structure followed by a description of each element.

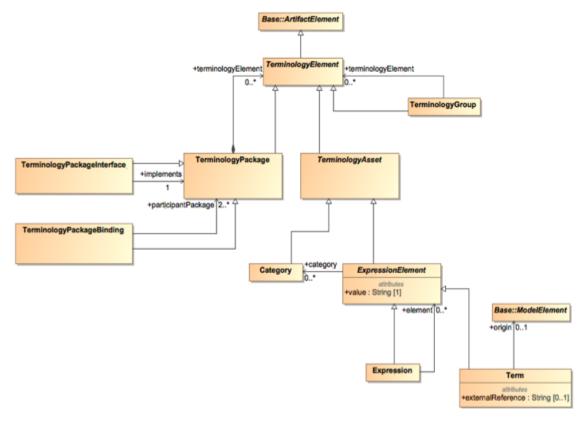


Figure 10.1 - Terminology Class Diagram

This portion of the SACM metamodel describes and defines the concepts of term, expression and an external interface to terminology information from others. This area of the Structured Assurance Case Metamodel also provides the starting foundation for formalism in the assembly of terms into expressions without mandating the formalism for those that do not need it.

10.2 TerminologyElement (abstract)

TerminologyElement is an abstract class that serves as a parent class for all SACM terminology assets (TerminologyAsset) and the packaging of these assets (TerminologyPackage).

Superclass

ModelElement

Semantics

grouping of TerminologyElements (TerminologyGroup). TerminologyElement extends Base::ArtifactElement, this implies that all elements in the Terminology package are artifacts.

TerminologyElement is the base class for specifying the terminology aspects of an assurance case (AssuranceCasePackage).

Base::ArtifactElement

10.3 TerminologyPackage

The TerminologyPackage is the container element for SACM terminology assets.

Superclass

11.3 ArgumentationElement class (abstract)

An Argumentation Element is the top level element of the hierarchy for argumentation elements.

Semantics

The ArgumentationElement is a common class for all elements within a structured argument

11.4 ArgumentPackage Class

The ArgumentPackage Class is the container class for a structured argument represented using the SACM Argumentation Metamodel.

ArgumentationElement extends

Base::ArtifactElement. Subsequently, all

argument elements are considered artifacts.

Superclass

ArgumentationElement

Associations

argumentAsset:ArgumentAsset[0..*]

The ArgumentAssets contained in a given instance of an ArgumentPackage. argumentPackage:ArgumentationPackage[0..*]

The nested argumentPackage contained in a given instance of an ArgumentPackage interface:ArgumentationPackage[0..*]

Reference to the declared interface for the ArgumentPackage.

Semantics

ArgumentPackages contain structured arguments. These arguments are composed of ArgumentAssets. ArgumentPackages elements can be nested, and can contain citations (references) to other ArgumentPackages.

For example, arguments can be established through the composition of Claims (propositions) and the AssertedInferences between those Claims.

11.5 ArgumentPackageBinding Class

The ArgumentPackageBinding is a sub type of ArgumentPackage used to record the mapping (agreement) between two or more ArgumentPackages.

Superclass

ArgumentPackage

Associations

participantPackage:ArgumentPackageInterface[2..*]

The ArgumentPackages being mapped together by the ArgumentPackageBinding.

Semantics

ArgumentPackageBindings can be used to map resolved dependencies between the Claims of two or more ArgumentPackages.

For example, one ArgumentPackage may contain a claim that is toBeSupported (i.e. currently has no supporting argument). An ArgumentPackageBinding can be used to record the mapping (by means of containing a structured argument linking ArgumentAssetCitations to the claims in question) between this claim and a supporting claim in another ArgumentPackage.

An ArgumentPackageInterface is a sub type of ArgumentPackage that can be used to create an explicit interface to an existing ArgumentPackage.

Constraints

The 'root' ArgumentAssets contained by an ArgumentPackageBinding (i.e. the ArgumentAssets only associated as target of an AssertedRelationship) and 'leaf' ArgumentAssets (i.e. the ArgumentAssets only associated as source of an AssertedRelationship) must be ArgumentAssetCitations to Claims or ArtifactElementCitations contained within the ArgumentPackages associated by the participantPackage association.

11.6 ArgumentPackageInterface Class

Superclass

ArgumentPackage

ArtifactPackageInterface enables the declaration of the elements of an ArtifactPackage that might be referred to (cited) in another ArtifactPackage, thus the elements can be used for assurance in the scope of the latter ArtifactPackage.

Constraints

12.5 ArtifactAsset class (abstract)

The ArtifactAsset class represents the artifact-specific pieces of information of an assurance case, in contrast to the argument-specific pieces of information.

Superclass

ArtifactElement

Association

property:Property[0..*] (composition) – an optional collection of Propert(ies) which enable the specification of the characteristics of an ArtifactAsset.

Semantics

Information about artifacts is essential for any assurance case. The artifacts correspond, for instance, to the evidence provided in support of the arguments and claims of an assurance case. It is also important to have access to related pieces of information such as the provenance of an artifact, its lifecycle, and its properties. All this information might have to be consulted for developing confidence in the validity of an assurance case.

12.6 Artifact class

The Artifact class represents the distinguishable units of data used in an assurance case.

Superclass

ArtifactAsset

Attributes

version: String

The version of the Artifact

date: Date

The date on which the artifact was created.

Associations

artifactProperty::ArtifactProperty[0..*]
The ArtifactProperties of the Artifact
artifactEvent::ArtifactEvent[0..*]

The set of ArtifactEvents that represent the lifecycle of the Artifact

Semantics

Artifacts correspond to the main evidentiary support for the arguments and claims of an assurance case: an Artifact can play the role of evidence of a Claim (AssertedEvidence), or of counterevidence (AssertedCountedEvidence). An Artifact can take several forms, such as a diagram, a plan, a report, or a specification, both in electronic (e.g., a pdf file) or physical (e.g., a paper document) formats. Typical examples of Artifacts include system lifecycle plans, dependability (e.g., safety) analysis results, system specifications, and V&V results.

12.7 ArtifactProperty class

The ArtifactProperty class enables the specification of the characteristics of an Artifact.

Semantics

An Artifact can have different, specific characteristics independent of the argumentation structure in which the Artifact is used. Some can be objective (e.g., the result of a test case execution, as passed or not passed) and others can be based on a person's judgement (e.g., regarding a quality aspect of a report).

12.8 ArtifactEvent class

The ArtifactEvent class enables the specification of the events in the lifecycle of an Artifact.

Base::